

Commission on Judicial Performance

The Honorable Amy E. Bockman

2013 Judicial Performance Interim Report 17th Judicial District





May 28, 2013

The Honorable Amy E. Bockman Broomfield County Courthouse 17 Des Combes Drive Broomfield, CO 80020

Dear Judge Bockman:

I am pleased to make available to you the attached copy of your 2013 Judicial Performance Interim Survey Report. This report includes the survey results from two important stakeholder groups: 1) attorneys who have had cases in your court or who are knowledgeable about your judicial performance; and 2) non-attorneys who have observed your performance in court or who have knowledge of your performance as a judge. In addition to this introduction, the report is divided into five main sections:

- 1. A brief summary of the results of the attorney and non-attorney surveys.
- 2. The numerical results of the survey of attorneys in both tabular and graphical form. In addition to the numerical results, this section also contains comments attorneys made about your judicial performance. In some instances the comments have been redacted to eliminate respondent identifying information. A copy of the attorney questionnaire is included in the final section of this report.
- 3. The numerical results of the survey of non-attorneys in both tabular and graphical form. In addition to the numerical results, this section also contains comments these respondents made on the subject of your judicial performance. In few instances the comments have been redacted to eliminate respondent identifying information. A copy of the non-attorney questionnaire is included in the final section of this report.
- 4. The fourth section of the report discusses the methodology of the surveys.
- 5. The final section provides copies of the questions or questionnaires that were used for each survey.

Hon. Amy E. Bockman May 28, 2013 Page 2

If you have any questions about the methodology and how the survey was conducted, please feel free to contact me at 505-821-5454 or by email at sanderoff@rpinc.com (please put the words "Judicial Performance" in the subject line), and for any other questions you might have about the survey please call the Executive Director of the Office of Judicial Performance Evaluation, Kent Wagner, at 303-928-7779.

Best regards,

Brian Sanderoff

Brian Sanderoff

President

Summary of Results

Respondents rated judges on various questions using an A to F scale, in which the grades were then converted to numerical scores: A=4, B=3, C=2, D=1 and F=0. An average score of 4.0 is the highest possible score and a 0.0 is the lowest possible score. On average, Judge Amy E. Bockman received an overall combined average grade of 3.39 in the 2013 Judicial Performance Interim Survey Report. This is calculated by adding the overall average grade received from attorney respondents, 3.19, to the overall average grade received from non-attorney respondents, 3.58, divided by two.

The average combined grade for all county judges that are receiving an interim evaluation in 2013 is 3.43 [not shown below].

Judge Bockman Average Grades (All Years)									
	Combined Attorney Non-attorn								
Overall Grade	3.39	3.19	3.58						
Sample Size	-	126	318						

Table 1

The results presented in this report are based on data collected in 2009, 2010, and 2012. (See Methodology section for description of sampling process.) Provisional judges will not have samples for the years prior to their appointment. Table 2 shows Judge Bockman's overall average grades for each year in which survey results are available.

	Judge Bockman Average Grades by Year										
	Combined	Atto	rney	Non-Attorney							
	Average	Average	Sample	Average	Sample						
Year	Score	Score	Size	Score	Size						
2009	3.38	3.06	34	3.69	127						
2010	3.48	3.12	46	3.84	90						
2012	3.30	3.37	46	3.23	101						
Overall	3.39	3.19	126	3.58	318						

Table 2

Comparison of Jurors vs. Non-Jurors Among Non-Attorney Population

Among the non-attorney population, jurors tend to grade judges much higher than non-jurors. The juror overall average grade for all county judges that are receiving an interim evaluation in 2013 is 3.84, while the overall average grade given by non-jurors is 3.24. The effect of this is that judges with a higher percentage of jurors in their sample tend to have higher average grades in the non-attorney survey than those judges with a small percentage of jurors. The number of jurors in a judge's sample is, of course, closely related to the number of jury trials the judge presides over.

The table below shows Judge Bockman's non-attorney results broken out by jurors and non-jurors. It also shows the overall average juror and non-juror grades for all county judges that are receiving an interim evaluation in 2013 (see two columns on far right).

Judge	Bockn	nan Aver	age Grades	for Ju	rors vs. l	Non-Jurors (A	All Years)
		Judge B	ockman				ounty ges*
J	urors		Non	-Jurors	;		
Average	Sa	mple	Average	Sai	mple	Juror	Non-Juror
Score	Size	%	Score	Size	%	Average	Average
3.89	189	59%	3.15	129	41%	3.84	3.24

Table 3

^{*}Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Attorneys Regarding Judge Amy E. Bockman

(Sample Size 126)

Index Associate Dealman							Average (0.0	to 4.0 scale
Judge Amy E. Bockman Sample Size = 126	А	В	С	D	Fail	DK/NA	Amy E. Bockman	All Count Judges*
								•
Case Management:								
1a. Promptly issuing a decision on the case after trial.	41%	15%	8%	2%	0%	6 34%	3.46	3.50
1b. Maintaining appropriate control over proceedings.	64%	21%	9%	4%	2%	6 1%	3.43	3.40
1c. Promptly ruling on pre-trial motions.	41%	29%	9%	2%	19		3.33	3.37
1d. Setting reasonable schedules for cases.	54%	24%	12%	5%	29	6 4%	3.29	3.37
			Over	all Cas	e Man	agement	3.38	3.41
Application and Knowledge of Law:								
2a. Being able to identify and analyze relevant facts.	48%	29%	13%	5%	2%	6 3%	3.18	3.27
2b. Basing decisions on evidence and arguments.	44%	25%	18%	4%	6%	6 3%	3.01	3.15
2c. Willing to reconsider error in fact or law.	30%	16%	14%	8%	6%	6 25%	2.74	3.05
2d. Issuing consistent sentences when the circumstances are	49%	17%	13%	10%	3%	6 8%	3.06	3.25
similar.	0	A I!					2.00	0.40
	Overall	Applica	ition ai	na Kno	owieag	ge of Law	3.00	3.18
Communications:								
3a. Making sure all participants understand the proceedings.	60%	27%	12%	2%			3.44	3.51
3b. Providing written communications that are clear, thorough and well reasoned.	33%	17%	10%	4%	19	6 36%	3.21	3.31
			Ove	erall Co	ommu	nications	3.33	3.41
Demeanor:								
4a. Giving proceedings a sense of dignity.	62%	17%	17%	2%	2%	6 1%	3.36	3.41
4b. Treating participants with respect.	60%	13%	18%	6%	2%	6 0%	3.25	3.42
4c. Conducting the courtroom in a neutral manner.	47%	20%	16%	10%	5 7 %	6 0%	2.89	3.24
4d. Consistently applying laws and rules.	52%	21%	13%	6%	49	6 4%	3.14	3.23
				Ov	erall D	emeanor	3.16	3.33
Diligence:								
5a. Using good judgment in application of relevant law and rules.	47%	19%	19%	7%	4%	6 4%	3.02	3.17
5b. Doing the necessary "homework" and being prepared for cases.	46%	23%	12%	6%			3.18	3.26
5c. Being willing to handle cases on the docket even when they are complicated and time consuming.	45%	18%	10%	2%	29	6 21%	3.29	3.38
				0	vorall l	Diligence	3.16	3.27

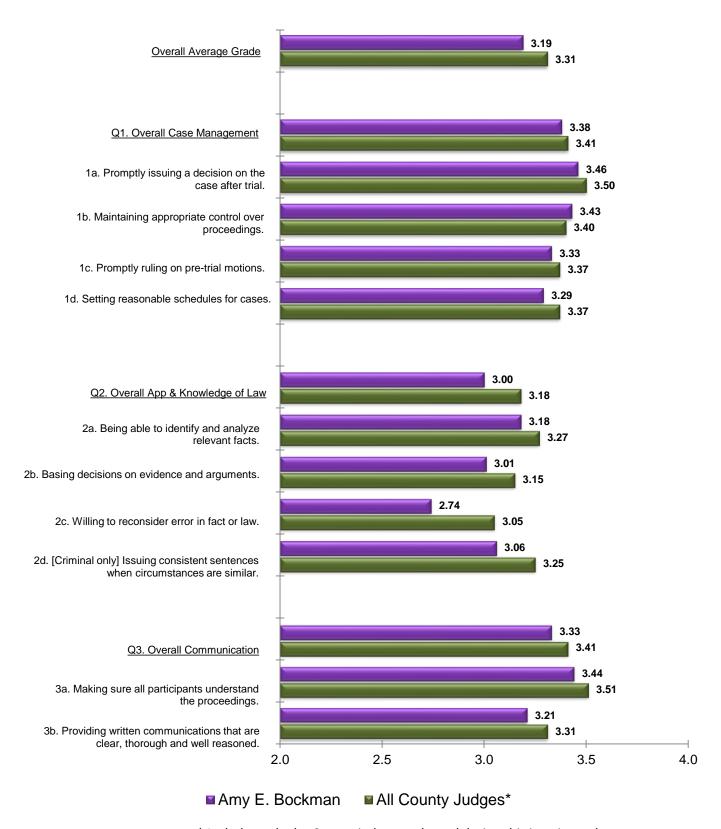
Note: Respondents rated judges on various questions using an A to F scale, in which the grades were then converted to numerical scores: A=4, B=3, C=2, D=1 and F=0. An average score of 4.0 is the highest possible score and a 0.0 is the lowest possible score. 'DK/NA' = Don't Know / Not Applicable.

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Attorneys Regarding County Judges		
	Perce	ntage
Judge Amy E. Bockman	Amy E. Bockman	All County Judges*
Would you say the judge is:		
Very biased in favor of the prosecution	12%	10%
Somewhat biased in favor of the prosecution		25%
. Completely neutra		51%
Somewhat biased in favor of the defense	e 5%	7%
Very biased in favor of the defense	e 6%	3%
Don't know or not sure	e 3%	4%
Excluding "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retain		56%
Strongly recommend retair Recommend retair Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retair Strongly recommend not retair Total Retair Neithe	20% 20% 7% 4% 70% 20%	56% 23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9%
Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Total Retain Neithe Total Not Retain	20% 20% 7% 1 4% 1 70% 20% 1 11%	23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13%
Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Total Retain Neithe Total Not Retain Including "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retain	20% 20% 7% 1 4% 70% 1 11%	23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13%
Strongly recommend retair Recommend retair Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retair Strongly recommend not retair Total Retair Neithe Total Not Retair Including "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retair Recommend retair Recommend retair	20% 20% 7% 1 4% 70% 20% 11% 50% 1 20%	23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13%
Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Total Retain Neithe Total Not Retain Including "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office	20% 20% 7% 4% 70% 20% 11% 50% 20% 20% 20%	23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13%
Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Total Retain Neithe Total Not Retain Including "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain	20% 20% 7% 1 4% 70% 20% 11% 50% 20% 1 7%	23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13% 56% 22% 9% 5%
Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Total Retain Neithe Total Not Retain Including "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office	20% 20% 7% 1 4% 1 70% 20% 1 11% 1 50% 20% 1 20% 1 4%	23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13%
Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Total Retain Neither Total Not Retain Neither Total Not Retain Recommend retain Recommend retain Recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Don't know enough to make a recommendation	20% 20% 7% 1 4% 70% 20% 11% 50% 20% 20% 1 4% 1 0%	23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13% 56% 22% 9% 5% 7%
Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Total Retain Neithe Total Not Retain Including "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain	20% 20% 7% 1	23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13% 56% 22% 9% 5% 7% 0%
Strongly recommend retair Recommend retair Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retair Strongly recommend not retair Total Retair Neithe Total Not Retair Including "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retair Recommend retair Recommend retair Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retair Strongly recommend not retair Don't know enough to make a recommendation	20% 20% 7% 1	23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13% 56% 22% 9% 5% 7% 0%

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

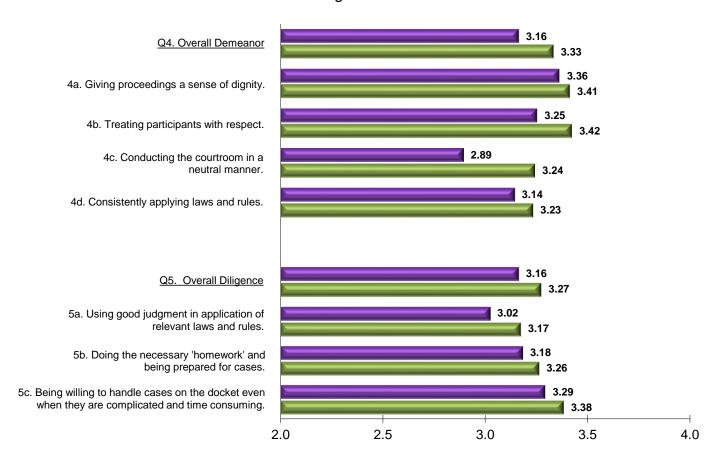
Judge Amy E. Bockman Survey of Attorneys Regarding County Judges Average Grades



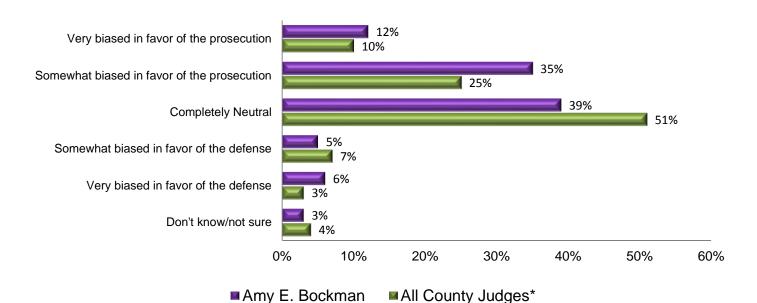
^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Attorneys Regarding County Judges

Average Grades



Biased in favor of prosecution/defense.

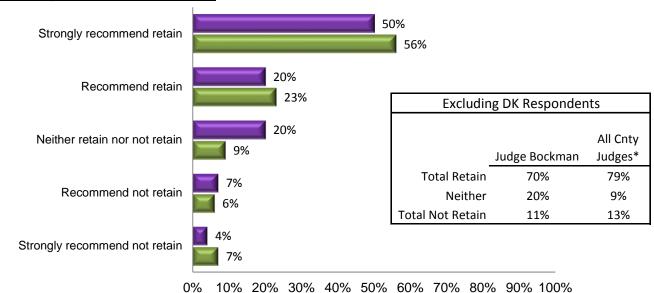


^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

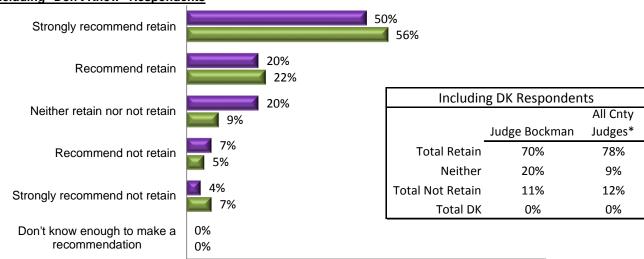
Survey of Attorneys Regarding County Judges

How strongly do you recommend that Judge Bockman be retained or not retained in office?

Excluding "Don't Know" Respondents



Including "Don't Know" Respondents



0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

■Amy E. Bockman
■All County Judges*

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Non-Attorneys Regarding Judge Amy E. Bockman

(Sample Size 318)

Survey of Non-Attorney	s Reg	gardi	ng (Cour	ity J	udge	S	
Judgo Amy E. Bookman							Average (0.0	to 4.0 scale)
Judge Amy E. Bockman Sample Size = 318	Α	В	С	D	Fail	DK/NA	Amy E. Bockman	All County Judges*
1. Demeanor:								
1a. Giving court proceedings a sense of dignity.	78%	13%	5%	1%			3.64	3.57
1b. Treating participants in the case politely and with respect.1c. Conducting the courtroom in a neutral manner.	78% 75%	14% 14%	4% 5%	2% 2%			3.65 3.52	3.59 3.51
1d. Having a sense of compassion and human understanding for those who appear before the judge.	69%	18%	5%	3%			3.49	3.46
The same same same same same same same sam				Ov	erall D	emeano	r 3.58	3.53
2. Fairness:								
2a. Giving participants an opportunity to be heard.	81%	12%	3%	2%	2%	6 0%	3.68	3.57
2b. Treating those involved in the case without bias.	76%	11%	4%	2%	5%	6 2%	3.54	3.50
2c. Treating fairly people who represent themselves.	53%	7%	5%	0%	2%	6 33%	3.60	3.49
2d. Giving each side enough time to present his or her case.	77%	13%	4%	1%	3%	6 3%	3.65	3.58
				O	verall	Fairness	3.62	3.54
3. Communications:								
3a. Making sure participants understand the proceedings, and what's going on in the courtroom.	82%	10%	4%	1%	2%	6 1%	3.71	3.62
3b. Using language that everyone can understand.	79%	13%	4%	2%	2%	6 0%	3.67	3.65
3c. Speaking clearly so everyone in the courtroom can hear what's being said.	84%	10%	3%	1%	19	6 1%	3.76	3.68
			Ove	erall Co	ommu	nications	s 3.71	3.65
4. Diligence:								
4a. Beginning court on time.	68%	16%	9%	2%	5%	6 1%	3.41	3.46
4b. Maintaining appropriate control over proceedings.	79%	14%	4%	2%	2%	6 0%	3.68	3.65
4c. Setting reasonable schedules for cases.	63%	15%	6%	1%	3%	6 13%	3.54	3.55
4d. Being prepared for cases.	74%	13%	5%	1%			3.63	3.60
4e. Managing court proceedings so that there is little wasted time.	68%	20%	5%	2%	3%	6 2%	3.50	3.49
				O ₁	verall	Diligence	3 .55	3.55
5. Application of Law:								
5a. Giving reasons for rulings.	66%	15%	5%	3%	3%	6 7%	3.47	3.47
5b. Willing to make decision without regard to possible outside pressure.	62%	11%	3%	4%				3.49
5c. Being able to identify and analyze relevant facts.	68%	14%	4%	3%	4%	6 8%	3.51	3.47
			Over	all App	olicatio	on of Law	3.48	3.48
		•	Over	all Av	erage	Grade:	3.58	3.55

Note: Respondents rated judges on various questions using an A to F scale, in which the grades were then converted to numerical scores: A=4, B=3, C=2, D=1 and F=0. An average score of 4.0 is the highest possible score and a 0.0 is the lowest possible score. 'DK/NA' = Don't Know / Not Applicable.

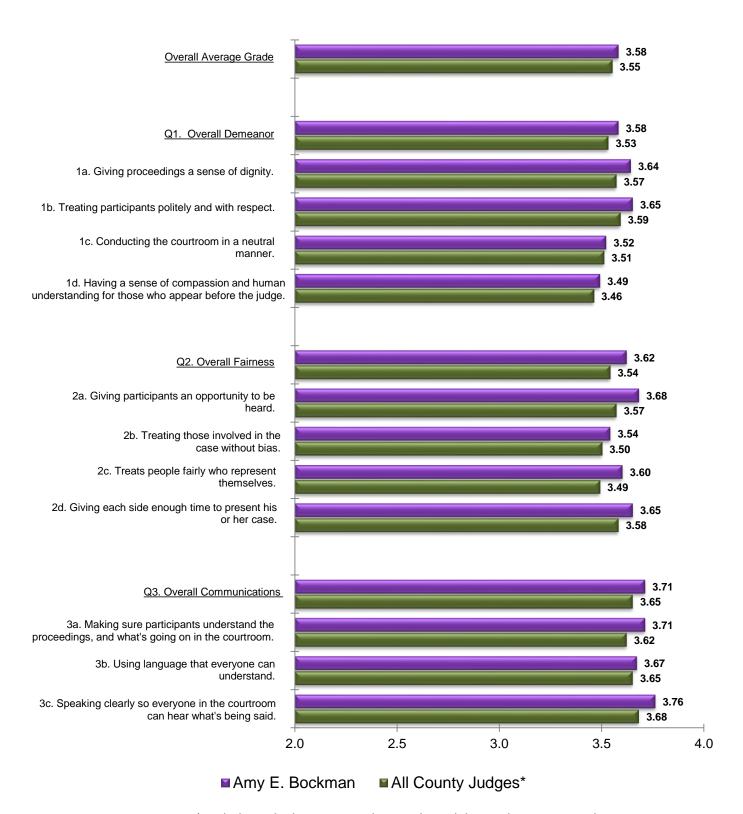
^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Non-Attorneys I	Regarding County Judges		
		Percer	itage
Judge Amy E. Bockn	nan	Amy E. Bockman	All County Judges*
6. Average Bias			
[Please see the questionnaire at the end of report for question wording.] [A positive average indicates bias toward prosecution, and a negative average indicates a bias toward the defense.]	Biased in favor of the prosecution total Competely neutral Biased in favor of the defense total Average	18% 74% 7% 0.31	13% 79% 8% 0.13
	<u> </u>		
7. Average Sentencing [Please see the questionnaire at the end of report for question wording.]	Harsh sentencing total Competely neutral Lenient sentencing total	14% 71% 14%	12% 76% 12%
[A positive average indicates sentences are harsh, and a negative average indicates sentences are lenient.]	Average	0.05	0.09
How strongly do you recommend that the Judge be retained, or not be office? Excluding "don't know" respondents. Neither recor	Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain mmend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain	54% 16% 13% 3% 14%	67% 18% 6% 3% 6%
	Total Retain Neither Total Not Retain	70% 13% 17%	85% 6% 9%
	Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain mmend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain know enough to make a recommendation Total Retain Neither Total Not Retain Don't Know	53% 16% 13% 3% 14% 2% 69% 13% 17% 2%	64% 17% 6% 3% 6% 5% 81% 6% 9%

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Non-Attorneys Regarding County Judges

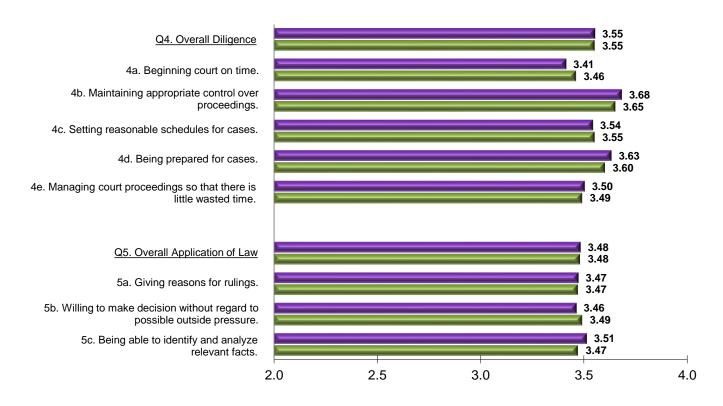
Average Grades



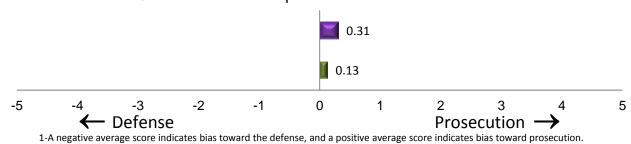
^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Non-Attorneys Regarding County Judges

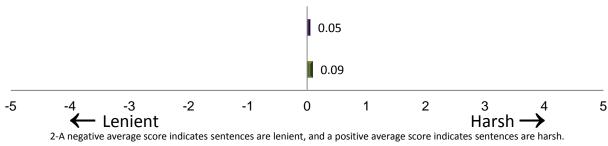
Average Grades



Q6 Biased in favor of prosecution/defense.1



Q7 Lenience or Harshness in Sentencing.2



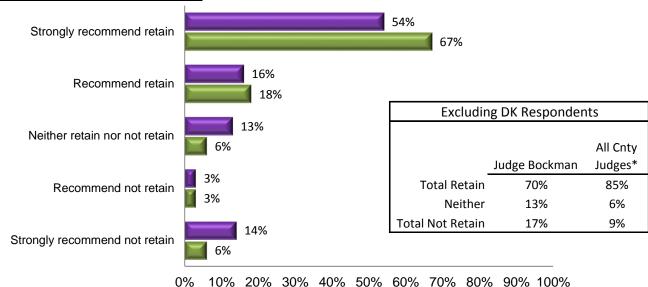
■ Amy E. Bockman ■ All County Judges*

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

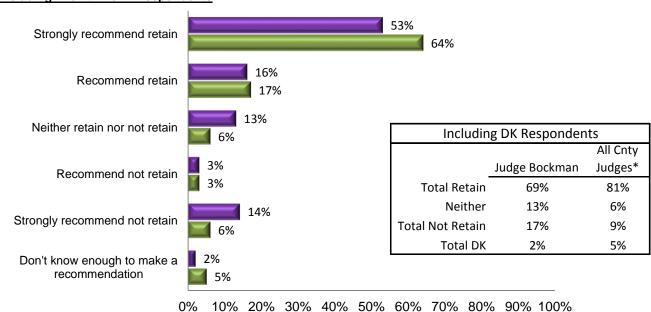
Survey of Non-Attorneys Regarding County Judges

How strongly do you recommend that Judge Bockman be retained or not retained in office?

Excluding "Don't Know" Respondents



Including "Don't Know" Respondents



■ Amy E. Bockman ■ All County Judges*

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.



Methodology

The results shown in the 2013 Judicial Performance Interim Survey Report are based on two surveys: The Survey of Attorneys Regarding Trial Judges, and the Survey of Non-Attorneys Regarding Trial Judges. Below is a description of the methodology used in the two surveys.

I Attorneys Regarding Trial Judges

a. Sample:

Research & Polling, Inc. received case data with the names of attorneys who had likely been in each judge's courtroom from the following primary sources:

- Colorado Judicial Department
- Colorado District Attorneys' Council
- Colorado Public Defender's Office
- Denver County Courts
- District Attorney's Office, Second Judicial District (Denver)
- District Attorney's Office, Ninth Judicial District

The data from these different sources are combined, duplicates removed, and addresses corrected.

Only judges that are due to receive an interim evaluation in 2013 were evaluated during this reporting cycle. The intent was to increase the number of completed attorney evaluations for each judge by excluding those not due to receive an interim evaluation in 2013. The number of possible judges that attorney respondents could evaluate was 10.

Attorneys are first mailed a letter inviting them to complete the survey online. The letter provides the link to the online survey, as well as a unique password to access the survey. Approximately one week later, attorneys are sent an email invitation to complete the online survey, which also provides the Web address and their unique password. About a week after the first email is sent, a reminder email is sent, providing the same information. Potential respondents who do not complete the survey after the second email are then telephoned and asked to either complete the survey by phone, or to complete it online.

Since 2010, the Judicial Performance Survey reports are based on a moving average, or rolling sample, of data collected over a period of time equal to the justice's or judge's term of office: ten years for a Supreme Court justice, eight years for a COA judge, six years for a district judge, and four years for a county judge. To use a county judge as an example: as survey data is collected it is pooled together for four years. After four years, as new data is added to the judge's survey results, the oldest data in the pool is deleted.

b. Questions:

Respondents evaluated judges on 17 aspects of judicial performance using a grade scale of A, B, C, D, or F. (See Questionnaire section.) These grades were then converted to a numerical score where A = 4, B = 3, C = 2, D = 1 and Fail = 0. The A through F scale was chosen because it is almost universally recognized and understood. This makes it easy for respondents to complete their questionnaire, and for the public to interpret the results.

Respondents were also asked if they considered the judge biased toward the defense or prosecution in criminal cases. In a final question, respondents were asked to indicate how strongly they would recommend that the justice or judge be retained or not retained in office. For this evaluation cycle, the rating scale for the "retention" question was changed to: Strongly recommend retain, Recommend retain, Neither recommend nor not recommend retain, Recommend not retain, Strongly recommend not retain, or Don't know enough to make a recommendation. Due to the changes in the response categories for the retention question, the results to this question have only been compiled among the survey respondents from this year's interim survey.

c. Analysis:

The Attorneys Regarding County Judges section first shows a table of the percentage distribution for each of the A through F questions, including "don't know/not applicable" responses. The next column to the right shows the judge's average grade for each question. For comparison purposes, averages were also computed for all county judges receiving an interim evaluation in 2013 and are shown in the furthest right column on the page. Tables showing the percentage distribution for all questions for all county judges are located at the end of this methodology section.

The overall question averages are calculated by adding up the averages for each question and dividing by the number of questions.

The next table shows the percentage distribution of the responses to the question about recommending retention. The first column of percentages is for the report-judge and the second column displays the percentages for all county judges. The percentages are shown both including and excluding "don't know" responses.

The next page displays the question averages in horizontal bar-graph form. The percentage distribution to the retention question is then presented in the graph on the next page.

The third part of the Attorneys Regarding County Judges section of the report lists the comments the attorneys made about the judge's strengths and weaknesses.

d. Comments:

Respondents were also asked what they considered to be the judge's strengths and weaknesses. By statute, these comments are confidential and only provided to the judge and the District Commission on Judicial Performance. They are not released to the public when the rest of the report is released. Before being given to the judge and the

Commission, an attempt is made to redact all respondent identifying information from the comments.

Since 2005, there have been changes to the number of comment questions asked, though the strengths and weaknesses questions have been posed in every survey.

The number to the left of each comment refers to the same attorney respondent in both the strengths section and the weaknesses section.

Most spelling and typographical errors have been corrected.

e. Cooperation Rate:

The overall cooperation rate for the Attorneys Regarding Trial Judges Survey is calculated as the number of completed survey evaluations divided by the number of possible evaluations resulting in an overall cooperation rate of 44.5% for district judges and 35.3% for county judges. An equivalent cooperation rate for an individual judge is computed in the same manner. Undeliverable surveys have been excluded from the cooperation rates.

II Non-Attorneys Regarding Trial Judges

a. Sample:

Research & Polling, Inc. received case data with the names of non-attorneys who had likely been in each judge's courtroom from the following primary sources:

- Colorado Judicial Department
- Colorado District Attorneys' Council
- Colorado Public Defender's Office
- Denver County Courts
- District Attorney's Office, Second Judicial District (Denver)
- District Attorney's Office, Ninth Judicial District

The data from these different sources are combined, duplicates removed, and addresses corrected.

Only the judges due to receive an interim evaluation in 2013 were evaluated during this reporting cycle. The intent was to increase the number of completed non-attorney evaluations for each judge by excluding those not due to receive an interim evaluation in 2013.

RPI surveyed non-attorneys with courtroom experience, including: law enforcement personnel, witnesses, crime victims, jurors, criminal defendants, and civil litigants.

Non-attorneys were surveyed via standard mail. First, they were mailed an initial postcard informing the recipient that he or she would be receiving a questionnaire. Two to three weeks after the postcard was mailed, the potential respondent was sent a personalized introductory letter and a questionnaire with a postage-paid return

envelope. If the person did not respond, a second questionnaire and letter were sent approximately four weeks later. Questionnaires are barcoded, and if a respondent mailed back two questionnaires, the second one was deleted from the data file.

Since 2010, the non-attorney section of the Judicial Performance Survey reports have been based on a moving average, or rolling sample, of survey results collected over a period of time equal to the judge's term of office: six years for a district judge and four years for a county judge. To use a county judge as an example: as survey data is collected, it is pooled together for four years. After four years, as new data is added to the judge's survey results, the oldest data in the pool is deleted.

b. Questions:

Respondents evaluated judges on 19 aspects of judicial performance using a grade scale of A, B, C, D, or F. (See Questionnaire section.) These grades were then converted to a numerical score where A = 4, B = 3, C = 2, D = 1 and Fail = 0. The A through F scale was chosen because it is almost universally recognized and understood. This makes it easy for respondents to complete their questionnaire, and for the public to interpret the results.

Respondents were also asked if they considered the judge biased toward the defense or prosecution in criminal cases. In a final question, respondents were asked to indicate how strongly they would recommend that the justice or judge be retained or not retained in office. For this evaluation cycle, the rating scale for the "retention" question was changed to: Strongly recommend retain, Recommend retain, Neither recommend nor not recommend retain, Recommend not retain, Strongly recommend not retain, or Don't know enough to make a recommendation. Due to the changes in the response categories for the retention question, the results to this question have only been compiled among the survey respondents from this year's interim survey.

A copy of the questionnaire is included in the last section of this report.

c. <u>Analysis:</u>

The Non-Attorneys Regarding County Judges section first shows a table of the percentage distribution for each of the A through F questions, including "don't know/not applicable" responses. The next column to the right shows the judge's average grade for each question. For comparison purposes, averages were also computed for all county judges receiving an interim evaluation in 2013 and are shown in the furthest right column on the page. Tables showing the percentage distribution for all questions for all county judges are located at the end of this methodology section.

The overall question averages are calculated by adding up the averages for each question and dividing by the number of questions.

The next table shows the percentage distribution of the responses to the questions about prosecution or defense bias and recommending retention. The first column of percentages is for the report-judge and the second column displays the percentages for

all county judges. The percentages for the retention question are shown including and excluding "don't know" responses.

The next page displays the question averages in horizontal bar-graph form. The percentage distribution of the prosecution-defense bias and retention questions are then presented in the graph on the next page.

The third part of the Non-Attorneys Regarding County Judges section of the report lists the comments the non-attorneys made about the judge's strengths and weaknesses.

d. Comments:

In addition to the A through F questions, non-attorney respondents were asked what they considered to be the judge's strengths and weaknesses. By statute, these comments are confidential and only provided to the judge and the District Commission on Judicial Performance. They are not released to the public when the rest of the report is released. Before being given to the judge and the Commission, an attempt is made to redact all respondent identifying information from the comments.

Since 2005 there have been changes to the number of comment questions asked, though the strengths and weaknesses questions have been posed in every survey.

The number to the left of each comment refers to the same non-attorney respondent in both the strengths section and the weaknesses section.

e. Cooperation Rate:

The estimated cooperation rate for the non-attorney survey is calculated as the number of completed questionnaires divided by the number of eligible respondents who actually received a questionnaire. Undeliverable surveys have been excluded from the cooperation rate. The following table shows the total number of questionnaires mailed, completed, non-responses and refusals, undeliverables, and other responses. The table presents the estimated overall cooperation rate as well as the cooperation rate by the different types of respondents. The true cooperation rates are likely higher than shown because of the percentage of people who were mailed questionnaires about judges with whom they may not have had sufficient experience. This is due, in part, to many cases being disposed of without the parties having appeared in court, as well as in the case of law enforcement, the data includes all those who were subpoenaed for a case, not just those who appeared.

A table of the response counts by respondent type for Judge Bockman is shown on the following page, and on the next page is a table of the overall cooperation rates for both the Attorney and Non-Attorney Regarding Trial Judges surveys for all county judges.

Judge Amy E. Bockman Judge Response Counts by Type of Respondent

Role Type	Total Sent	No Response	Undeliverable/ Not Applicable		Completes	Coop Rate
Attorneys						
Criminal						
District Attorneys	39	20	1	0	18	47.4%
Defense Attorneys	245	155	2	0	88	36.2%
Other Attorneys Criminal	30	18	3	0	9	33.3%
<u>Civil</u>						
Attorneys for Litigants	11	10	0	0	1	9.1%
Other Attorneys Civil	28	16	2	0	10	38.5%
Total Attorneys	353	219	8	0	126	36.5%
Non-attorneys						
Criminal						
Witness	54	29	10	4	11	25.0%
Law Enforcement	96	48	9	3	36	41.4%
Defendant	478	267	142	5	64	19.0%
<u>Civil</u>						
Litigant	80	42	24	1	13	23.2%
Witness	15	8	2	0	5	38.5%
<u>Jurors</u>	377	165	15	8	189	52.2%
Employees, including Interpreters	10	2	3	5	0	0.0%
Total Non-attorneys	1110	561	205	26	318	35.1%
Grand Total:	1463	780	213	26	444	35.5%

Note: "Undeliverable/Not Applicable" surveys are removed from the "Total Sent" prior to calculating the cooperation rate.

Total Response Counts	by Typ	e of Res	pondent for	All Count	y Judge	s*
	Total Sent	No Response	Undeliverable/ Not Applicable	Other Non- Responses	Completes	Cooperation Rate
ttorneys	•				•	
Criminal						
District Attorneys	3217	2165	115	0	937	30.2%
Defense Attorneys	12100	7642	409	0	4049	34.6%
Other Attorneys Criminal	55	32	3	0	20	38.5%
<u>Civil</u>						
Attorneys for Litigants	1497	844	77	0	576	40.6%
Other Attorneys Civil	2334	1255	161	0	918	42.2%
GAL	2	0	0	0	2	100.0%
Total Attorneys	19205	11938	765	0	6502	35.3%
on-attorneys						
Criminal						
Victim	82	44	32	4	2	4.0%
Witness	4366	2226	975	208	957	28.2%
Other	444	277	117	9	41	12.5%
Law Enforcement	3592	2698	289	95	510	15.4%
Defendant	29046	15902	9969	350	2825	14.8%
Civil						
Litigant	10118	5508	2998	217	1395	19.6%
Witness	901	481	209	17	194	28.0%
Other	21	10	3	1	7	38.9%
<u>Jurors</u>	14815	6796	1173	363	6483	47.5%
Employees, including Interpreters	222	74	29	25	94	48.7%
Probation Officers	61	18	5	2	36	64.3%
Total Non-attorneys	63668	34034	15799	1291	12544	26.2%
Grand Total:	82873	45972	16564	1291	19046	28.7%

Note: "Undeliverable/Not Applicable" surveys are removed from the "Total Sent" prior to calculating the cooperation rate.

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Attorneys	Reg	ardin	g Tri	ial Ju	udge	S	
All County Judges*							
Sample Size = 6502	А	В	С	D	Fail	DK/NA	Average Grade (0.0 to 4.0 scale)
Case Management:							
1a. Promptly issuing a decision on the case after trial.	52%	19%	5%	2%	1%	21%	3.50
1b. Maintaining appropriate control over proceedings.	61%	23%	9%	3%	2%	1%	3.40
1c. Promptly ruling on pre-trial motions.	49%	22%	8%	3%	1%	17%	3.37
1d. Setting reasonable schedules for cases.	58%	24%	8%	4%	2%	4%	3.37
Tal. Colling Touron land college to the college to	0070					gement	3.41
. Application and Knowledge of Law:							
2a. Being able to identify and analyze relevant facts.	55%	25%	10%	5%	3%	3%	3.27
2b. Basing decisions on evidence and arguments.	52%	24%	11%	6%	4%	3%	3.15
2c. Willing to reconsider error in fact or law.	41%	18%	10%	6%	5%	20%	3.05
2d. Issuing consistent sentences when the circumstances are	51%	24%	9%	4%	4%	8%	3.25
similar.	0170	2170	070	1,70	1,0	0,0	0.20
	Overall	Applica	ation an	d Kno	wledge	of Law	3.18
. Communications:							
3a. Making sure all participants understand the proceedings.	66%	22%	7%	2%	1%	1%	3.51
3b. Providing written communications that are clear, thorough and well reasoned.	44%	19%	8%	3%	2%	24%	3.31
			Ove	rall Co	mmuni	cations	3.41
. Demeanor:							
4a. Giving proceedings a sense of dignity.	63%	22%	8%	3%	3%	1%	3.41
4b. Treating participants with respect.	67%	18%	7%	4%	3%	1%	3.42
4c. Conducting the courtroom in a neutral manner.	59%	19%	10%	6%	5%	1%	3.24
4d. Consistently applying laws and rules.	55%	22%	9%	5%	4%	4%	3.23
The control of the property of the control of the c						meanor	3.33
. Diligence:							
5a. Using good judgment in application of relevant law and	53%	24%	10%	5%	5%	2%	3.17
rules.	JJ /0	<u>~</u> 7/0	1070	J /0	J /0	2 /0	0.17
5b. Doing the necessary "homework" and being prepared for cases.	52%	23%	9%	4%	3%	8%	3.26
5c. Being willing to handle cases on the docket even when they are complicated and time consuming.	54%	19%	7%	3%	3%	14%	3.38
				Ove	erall Di	ligence	3.27
			Overa	II Ave	rage G	Grade:	3.31

Note: Respondents rated judges on various questions using an A to F scale, in which the grades were then converted to numerical scores: A=4, B=3, C=2, D=1 and F=0. An average score of 4.0 is the highest possible score and a 0.0 is the lowest possible score. 'DK/NA' = Don't Know / Not Applicable.

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Attorneys Regarding Trial Judges					
All County Judges*					
Vould you say the judge is:					
Very biased in favor of the prosecution	10%				
Somewhat biased in favor of the prosecution	25%				
Completely neutral	51%				
Somewhat biased in favor of the defense	7%				
Very biased in favor of the defense	3%				
Don't know or not sure	4%				
How strongly do you recommend that the Judge be retained in office, or not be etained in office? Excluding "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain Total Retain Neither Total Not Retain	56% 23% 9% 6% 7% 79% 9% 13%				
Including "don't know" respondents. Strongly recommend retain	56%				
Recommend retain	22%				
Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office	9%				
Recommend not retain	5%				
Strongly recommend not retain	7%				
g.,					
Don't know enough to make a recommmendation	0%				
Don't know enough to make a recommmendation Total Retain	0% 78%				
Total Retain	78%				

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Non-Attorne	ys Re	egard	ding	Trial	Jud	lges	
All County Judges*		ı					
Sample Size = 12544	А	В	С	D	Fail	DK/NA	Average Grade (0.0 to 4.0 scale)
Damasus.							
. Demeanor:							
1a. Giving court proceedings a sense of dignity.	73%	17%	5%	2%	2%	1%	3.57
1b. Treating participants in the case politely and with respect.	76%	14%	4%	2%	3%	1%	3.59
1c. Conducting the courtroom in a neutral manner.	73%	15%	5%	3%	4%	1%	3.51
1d. Having a sense of compassion and human understanding for those who appear before the judge.	69%	17%	5%	3%	5%	2%	3.46
				Ove	rall De	meanor	3.53
. Fairness:							
2a. Giving participants an opportunity to be heard.	75%	14%	4%	2%	3%	1%	3.57
2b. Treating those involved in the case without bias.	72%	14%	5%	3%	5%	2%	3.50
2c. Treating fairly people who represent themselves.	52%	10%	3%	2%	4%	29%	3.49
2d. Giving each side enough time to present his or her case.	73%	13%	4%	2%	3%	4%	3.58
				Ov	erall F	airness	3.54
. Communications:							
3a. Making sure participants understand the proceedings, and what's going on in the courtroom.	77%	14%	5%	2%	2%	1%	3.62
3b. Using language that everyone can understand.	76%	16%	4%	1%	1%	1%	3.65
3c. Speaking clearly so everyone in the courtroom can hear what's being said.	78%	14%	4%	1%	1%	1%	3.68
-			Ove	rall Cor	nmuni	cations	3.65
. Diligence:							
4a. Beginning court on time.	66%	19%	7%	3%	3%	3%	3.46
4b. Maintaining appropriate control over proceedings.	77%	14%	4%	2%	2%	1%	3.65
4c. Setting reasonable schedules for cases.	64%	15%	5%	2%	2%	12%	3.55
4d. Being prepared for cases.	72%	14%	4%	2%	3%	6%	3.60
4e. Managing court proceedings so that there is little wasted time.	68%	18%	6%	2%	3%	2%	3.49
				Ove	erall Di	ligence	3.55
. Application of Law:							
5a. Giving reasons for rulings.	66%	15%	6%	3%	4%	7%	3.47
5b. Willing to make decision without regard to possible outside pressure.	61%	12%	4%	2%	4%	17%	3.49
5c. Being able to identify and analyze relevant facts.	67%	14%	5%	3%	4%	7%	3.47
			Overa	II Appli	ication	of Law	3.48
			Overa	II Ave	rage G	Frade:	3.55

Note: Respondents rated judges on various questions using an A to F scale, in which the grades were then converted to numerical scores: A= 4, B=3, C=2, D=1 and F=0. An average score of 4.0 is the highest possible score and a 0.0 is the lowest possible score. 'DK/NA' = Don't Know / Not Applicable.

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.

Survey of Non-Attorneys Regarding Trial Judges							
All County Judg	Average Grade (0.0 to 4.0 scale)						
6. How biased do you think the Judge is toward the defense or prosecution?							
[Please see the questionnaire at the end of report for question wording.]	13%						
report for question wording.	Biased in favor of the prosecution total Competely neutral	79%					
	Biased in favor of the defense total	8%					
	Average	0.13					
7. How lenient or harsh do you think the sentences generally han are?	ded down by Judge						
[Please see the questionnaire at the end of							
report for question wording.]	Harsh sentencing total	12%					
	Competely neutral Lenient sentencing total	76% 12%					
	Average	0.09					
How strongly do you recommend that the Judge be retained, or roffice? Excluding "don't know" respondents. Neither	Strongly recommend retain Recommend retain recommend nor not recommend retain in office Recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain	67% 18% 6% 3% 6%					
	Total Retain Neither	85% 6%					
	Total Not Retain	9%					
Including "don't know" respondents.							
	Strongly recommend retain	64%					
No:4box	Recommend retain recommend nor not recommend retain in office	17% 6%					
Neitner	Recommend not retain in office	6% 3%					
	Strongly recommend not retain	5% 6%					
[Oon't know enough to make a recommendation	5%					
	Total Retain	81%					
	Neither	6%					
	Total Not Retain	9%					
	Don't Know	5%					

^{*} Includes only the County judges evaluated during this interim cycle.



Colorado Judicial Performance Attorneys Regarding Trial Judges Survey Questions

-	Which of the following types of cases have you observed all that apply. (Only respondents who indicate they have observed asked question 2d and the "bias" question between 5 and 6.)										
	Civil			1							
	Criminal other than traffic			2							
	Traffic			3							
	Domestic										
	Juvenile										
	Probate										
	Other			9							
	Using a grade scale, where an "A" is excellent along with please grade Judge <i>[Last Name]</i> on the following. If, fo you feel that you do not have enough information to gracheck DK/NA for Don't Know/Not Applicable.	r a specif	fic qu	estion	1						
1. Ca	se Management:										
a.	Promptly issuing a decision on the case after trial.	A	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
b.	Maintaining appropriate control over proceedings.	A	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
c.	Promptly ruling on pre-trial motions.	Α	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
d.	Setting reasonable schedules for cases.	A	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
2. Ap	oplication and Knowledge of Law:										
a.	Being able to identify and analyze relevant facts.	Α	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
b.	Basing decisions on evidence and arguments.	Α	В	Ċ	D	F	DK/NA				
c.	Willing to reconsider error in fact or law.	Α	В	Ċ	D	F	DK/NA				
d.	[Criminal only] Issuing consistent sentences when										
	the circumstances are similar.	A	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
3. Co	ommunications:										
a.	Making sure all participants understand										
	the proceedings.	A	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
b.	Providing written communications that are										
	clear, thorough and well reasoned.	A	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
4. De	emeanor:										
a.	Giving proceedings a sense of dignity.	A	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
b.	Treating participants with respect.	Α	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
c.	Conducting his/her courtroom in a neutral manner.	Α	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				
d.	Consistently applying laws and rules.	Α	В	С	D	F	DK/NA				

Using good judgment in application of relevant						
law and rules.	Α	В	С	D	F	DK/NA
Doing the necessary "homework" and being						
prepared for his/her cases.	Α	В	C	D	F	DK/NA
Being willing to handle cases on the docket even		-		-	-	
when they are complicated and time consuming.	А	В	С	D	F	DK/NA
Having observed Judge (Last Name) in a criminal case, v						
only if respondent indicated at the beginning of the survey he/she of	bserved the	judge	in a ci	rimina	l case.)	
Very biased in favor of the prosecution			1			
Somewhat biased in favor of the prosecution						
Completely Neutral						
Somewhat biased in favor of the defense						
Very biased in favor of the defense						
Don't Know/Not Sure		••••••	9			
What would you say are Judge (Last Name)'s strengths?						
What would you say are Judge (Last Name)'s weaknesses:	?					
Keeping in mind your responses to each of the previous			w stre	ongly	do yo	u recomme
Judge (Last Name) be retained in office, or not be retain	ed in offi	ce.				

4

3

1

Recommend retain in office

Neither recommend nor not recommend retain in office.....

Recommend not retain in office.....

Strongly recommend not retain in office

Don't know enough to make a recommendation.....

strong	ng in mind your responses to each of the previous questions, he ly do you recommend that Judge [Last Name] be retained in or not retained in office?
Recon	ely recommend he/she be retained in office

Thank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire. Please place it in the self-addressed, postage-paid envelope provided and place it in the mail. Your participation in this survey is very much appreciated.



Commission on Judicial Performance

Evaluation of JUDGE [FULL NAME]

If we have made a mistake and you either were not in Judge [Last Name]'s courtroom or you feel that you do not have sufficient experience with Judge [Last Name] to have an opinion on the judge's judicial performance, please just return this questionnaire, unanswered, in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, to stop any further requests to evaluate Judge [Last Name].

Using a grade scale, where an "A" is excellent along with B, C, D or F for fail, please grade the judge on the following. (If you feel that you don't have experience with the judge in a specific area, or just don't know, please circle the number corresponding to "Don't Know/Not Applicable"—DK/NA).

1. Demeanor:	<u>A</u>	В	С	D	F	DK N/A
a. Giving court proceedings a sense of dignity.	4	3	2	1	0	9
b. Treating participants in the case politely and with respect.	4	3	2	1	0	9
c. Conducting his/her courtroom in a neutral manner.	4	3	2	1	0	9
d. Having a sense of compassion and human understanding for those who appear before him/her.	4	3	2	1	0	9
,						

Barcode

2. Fairness:a. Giving participants an opportunity to be heard.b. Treating those involved in the case without bias.c. Treating fairly people who represent themselves.d. Giving each side enough time to present his		3 3 3	2 2 2 2	1 1 1	0 0 0	DK N/A 9 9 9	6. [If you were in [Last Name]'s courtroom during a criminal case or cases please answer this question, otherwise skip to the next question.] On the scale below, please indicate by circling the appropriate number how biased you think Judge [Last Name] is toward the defense or the prosecution. If you feel Judge [Last Name] is completely unbiased, circle "0."							
or her case.	4	3	2	1	0	9	Bias toward Completely Bias toward Defense Neutral Prosecution							
3. Communications:	Δ	В	С	D	F	DK N/A	5 4 3 2 1 0 1 2 3 4 5							
a. Makings sure participants understand the proceedings, and what's going on in the	<u></u>				•		7. [If you were in [Last Name]'s courtroom during a criminal ca cases please answer this question, otherwise skip to the next							
courtroom.	4	3	2	1	0	9	question.] On the scale below, please indicate by circling the appropriate							
b. Using language that everyone can understand.c. Speaking clearly so everyone in the courtroom	4	3	2	1	0	9	number how lenient or how harsh you think the sentences generally handed down by <i>[Last Name]</i> are. If you feel Judge <i>[Last Name]</i> generally hands							
can hear what's being said.	4	3	2	1	0	9	down appropriate sentences, circle "0."							
						DK	Sentences Appropriate Sentences							
4. Diligence:	<u>A</u>	В	С	D	<u>F</u>	N/A	Too Light Sentences Too Harsh							
a. Beginning court on time.	4	3	2	1	0	9	5 4 3 2 1 0 1 2 3 4 5							
b. Maintaining appropriate control over							5 4 3 2 1 0 1 2 3 4 5							
proceedings.	4	3	2	1	0	9								
c. Setting reasonable schedules for cases.	4	3	2	1	0	9								
d. Being prepared for his/her cases.	4	3	2	1	0	9	Though your name will never be associated with your answers, because the judge will							
e. Managing court proceedings so that there is							see a typed transcript of the comments that you and others write, it is important that							
little wasted time.	4	3	2	1	0	9	you do not include information in the comments below that would unintentionally identify you as the author.							
						DK	8. What would you say are Judge [Last Name] s strengths?							
5. Application of Law:	<u>A</u>	В	С	D	F	N/A								
a. Giving reasons for rulings.	4	3	2	1	0	9								
b. Willing to make decision without regard to														
possible outside pressure.	4	3	2	1	0	9								
c. Being able to identify and analyze relevant facts.	4	3	2	1	0	9								
, ,														

Continued on Back Page