

Commission on Judicial Performance

The Honorable Nathan B. Coats

2012 Judicial Performance Survey Report Supreme Court





March 26, 2012

The Honorable Nathan B. Coats Colorado Supreme Court 101 West Colfax Avenue, Suite 800 Denver, CO 80202

Dear Justice Coats:

I am pleased to make available to you the attached copy of your 2012 Judicial Performance Survey Report. This report includes the survey results from two important stakeholder groups: 1) attorneys who have had cases heard before the Supreme Court in which you authored an opinion, concurrence, or dissent; and 2) district judges and appellate judges. It's important to note that Supreme Court non-attorney employees were also asked to evaluate you (using the non-attorney survey), but the results are not included in this report due to the very low number of completed surveys.

In addition to this introduction, the report is divided into five main sections:

- 1. A brief summary of the results of the two surveys.
- 2. The numerical results of the survey of attorneys in both tabular and graphical form. In addition to the numerical results, this section also contains comments attorneys made about your judicial performance. In some instances the comments have been redacted to eliminate respondent identifying information. A copy of the attorney questionnaire is included in the final section of this report.
- 3. The numerical results of the survey of district judges and appellate judges in both tabular and graphical form, and any comments the judges might have made about your judicial performance. In some instances the comments have been redacted to eliminate respondent identifying information. A copy of the district/appellate judge questionnaire is in the final section of this report.
- 4. The fourth section of the report discusses the methodology of the surveys.
- 5. The final section provides copies of the questions or questionnaires that were used for each survey.

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If you have any questions about the methodology and how the survey was conducted, please feel free to contact me at 505-821-5454 or by email at sanderoff@rpinc.com (please put the words "Judicial Performance" in the subject line), and for any other questions you might have about the survey please call the Executive Director of the Office of Judicial Performance Evaluation, Jane Howell, at 303-866-6465.

Best regards,

Brian Sanderoff

Brian Sanderoff

President

enc:

Summary of Results

Respondents rated the Justice on various questions using an A to F scale, in which the grades were then converted to numerical scores: A= 4, B=3, C=2, D=1 and F=0. An average score of 4.0 is the highest possible score and a 0.0 is the lowest possible score. Attorneys assigned Justice Nathan B. Coats an overall average grade of 3.18, and the district judges and appellate judges assigned Justice Nathan B. Coats an overall average grade of 3.75, resulting in a combined average grade of 3.47.

Justice Coats Average Grades (All Years)					
	Combined	Attorneys	District and Appellate Judges		
Overall Grade	3.47	3.18	3.75		
Sample Size	-	204	100		

Table 1

The results presented in this report are based on data collected from 2005 through 2011. (See Methodology section for description of sampling process.) The table below shows Justice Coats' overall average grades from attorneys for each of these years.

Justice Coats Average Attorney Grades by Year					
	Justice	Coats			
	Average	Sample			
Year	Score	Size			
2005	3.64	6			
2006	3.32	27			
2007	3.20	35			
2008	3.24	41			
2009	3.10	52			
2010	3.07	18			
2011	3.06	25			
All Years	3.18	204			

Survey of Attorneys Regarding Justice Nathan B. Coats

(Sample Size 204)

						Judge	Average
Justice Nathan B. Coats Sample Size = 204						514010	
	Α	В	С	D	Fail	DK/NA	Justice Coats
uestion 2:							
2a. Being fair and impartial toward each side of the case.	46%	22%	10%	7%	11%	4%	2.89
2b. Allowing parties to present their arguments and answer questions.	64%	17%	9%	1%	4%	5%	3.43
Treating parties equally regardless of race, sex or economic status.	63%	9%	6%	3%	5%	13%	3.41
2d. Being courteous toward attorneys.	70%	16%	7%	1%	1%	5%	3.59
2e. Not engaging in ex parte communications.	53%	4%	3%	0%	1%	37%	3.71
2f. Being prepared for oral argument.	59%	19%	7%	2%	2%	11%	3.48
		(Questi	on 2 A	verage	Grade	3.42
uestion 3:							
3a. Writing opinions that are clear.	48%	23%	13%	7%	7%	0%	2.98
3b. Writing opinions that adequately explain the basis of the Court's decision.	50%	20%	15%	9%	6%	1%	2.98
3c. Issuing opinions in a timely manner.	50%	21%	10%	2%	2%	13%	3.31
3d. Making decisions without regard to possible criticism.	50%	15%	13%	7%	9%	6%	2.95
3e. Making reasoned decisions based upon the law and facts.	45%	16%	12%	13%	13%	0%	2.66
3f. Refraining from reaching issues that need not be decided.	44%	16%	14%	7%	11%	9%	2.81
		(Questi	on 3 A	verage	e Grade	2.95
					verage		2.95 3.18

Note: Respondents rated judges on various questions using an A to F scale, in which the grades were then converted to numerical scores: A= 4, B=3, C=2, D=1 and F=0. An average score of 4.0 is the highest possible score and a 0.0 is the lowest possible score.

Survey of Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judg	ges
	Percentage
Justice Nathan B. Coats	
Sample Size = 204	
	Justice Coats

6. How strongly do you recommend that Justice Coats be retained in office, or not be retained in office?

Percentages excluding undecided/don't know responses.

Percentages including undecided/don't know responses.

Strongly recommend retain Somewhat recommend retain Somewhat recommend not retain Strongly recommend not retain	59% 16% 8% 17%
Total Retain	75%
Total Not Retain	25%
Strongly recommend retain	55%
Somewhat recommend retain	15%
Undecided or Don't Know	6%
Somewhat recommend not retain	8%
Strongly recommend not retain	16%
Total Retain	70%

6%

24%

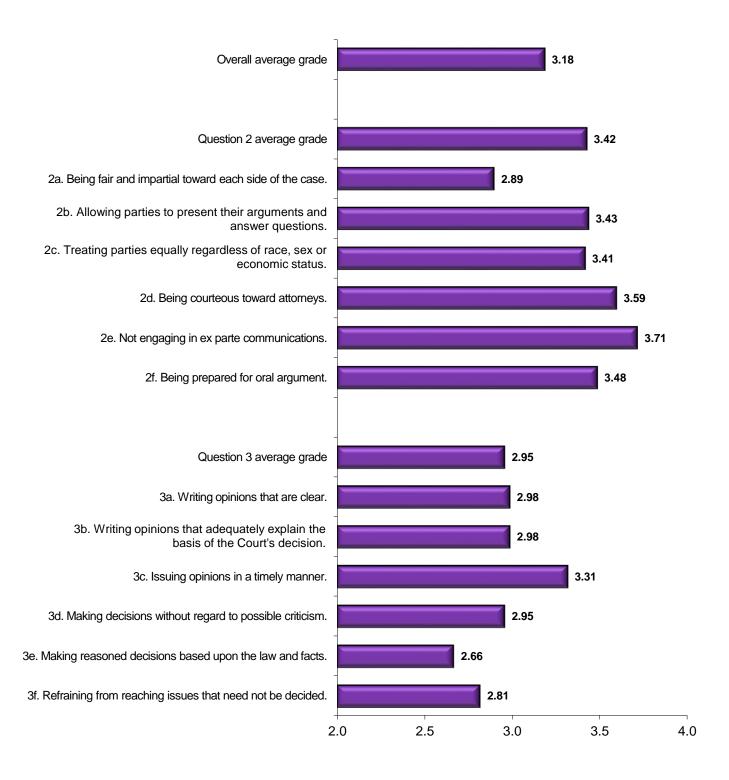
Undecided/Don't Know

Total Not Retain

Justice Nathan B. Coats

Survey of Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges

Average Grades



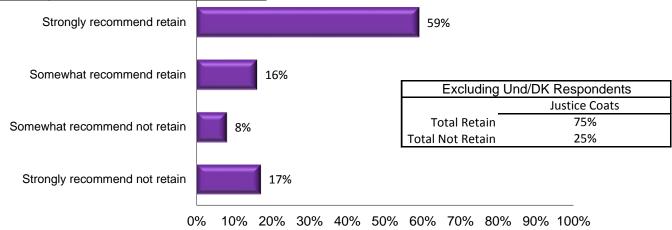
■ Justice Coats

Justice Nathan B. Coats

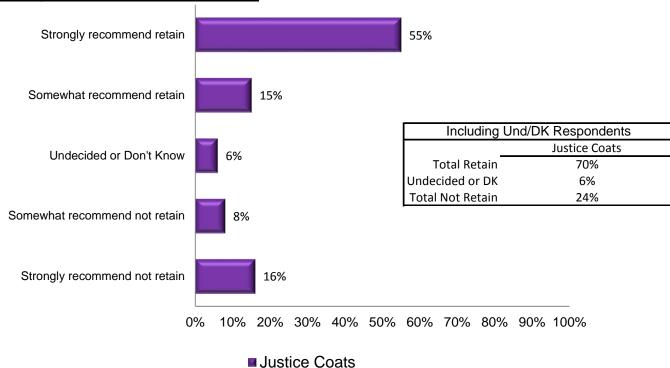
Survey of Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges

Q6. How strongly do you recommend that Justice Coats be retained or not retained in office?

Excluding Undecided/Don't Know Respondents



Including Undecided/Don't Know Respondents



Survey of District and Appellate Judges Regarding Justice Nathan B. Coats

(Sample Size 100)

	Survey of District Judges Regarding Appellate Judges							
								Average
	Justice Nathan B. Coats							
	Sample Size = 100							
		А	В	С	D	Fail	DK/NA	Justice Coats
1.	Being fair and impartial toward each side in a case.	68%	12%	8%	1%	0%	11%	3.65
2.	Writing opinions that are clear.	67%	19%	5%	3%	0%	6%	3.59
3.	Writing opinions that adequately explain the basis of the Court's decision.	71%	18%	5%	0%	0%	6%	3.70
4.	Issuing opinions in a timely manner.	47%	14%	6%	0%	0%	33%	3.61
5.	Making decisions without regard to possible criticism.	70%	13%	1%	0%	0%	16%	3.82
6.	Making reasoned decisions based upon the law and facts.	67%	21%	2%	1%	0%	9%	3.69
7.	Refraining from reaching issues that need not be decided.	66%	18%	2%	0%	0%	14%	3.74
8.	Treating parties equally regardless of race, sex or economic status.	72%	4%	0%	0%	0%	24%	3.95
9.	Not engaging in ex parte communications.	53%	2%	0%	0%	0%	45%	3.96

Overall Average Grade: 3.75

Note: Respondents rated judges on various questions using an A to F scale, in which the grades were then converted to numerical scores: A= 4, B=3, C=2, D=1 and F=0. An average score of 4.0 is the highest possible score and a 0.0 is the lowest possible score.

Survey of District Judges Regarding Appellate J	udges
	Percentage
Justice Nathan B. Coats	
Sample Size = 100	
	Justice Coats

10. Recommend to be retained/not retained in office.

Percentages excluding undecided/don't know responses.

Total Not Retain	1%
Total Retain	99%
Strongly recommend not retain in office	1%
Somewhat recommend not retain in office	0%
Somewhat recommend retain in office	14%
Strongly recommend retain in office	85%

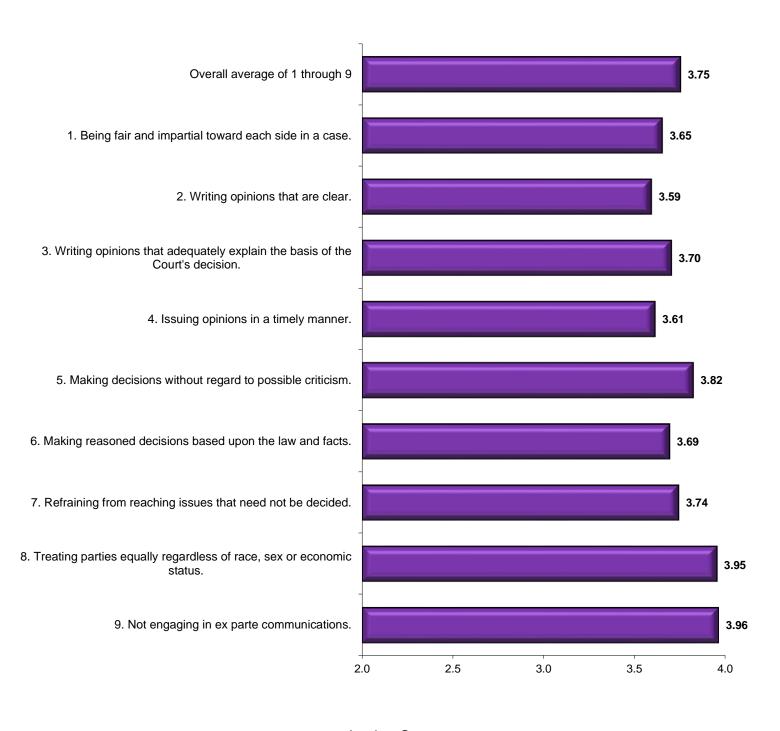
Percentages including undecided/don't know responses.

<u>'t know responses.</u>	
Strongly recommend retain in office	81%
Somewhat recommend retain in office	13%
Undecided or dont know enough to make recommendation	5%
Somewhat recommend not retain in office	0%
Strongly recommend not retain in office	1%
Total Retain	94%
Undecided/Don't Know	5%
Total Not Retain	1%

Justice Nathan B. Coats

Survey of District and Appellate Judges Regarding Appellate Judges

Average Grades



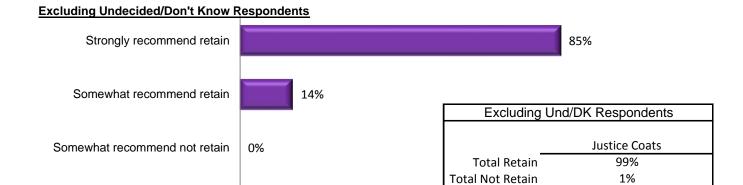
■ Justice Coats

Justice Nathan B. Coats

Survey of District and Appellate Judges Regarding Appellate Judges

Q10. Recommend to be retained/not retained in office.

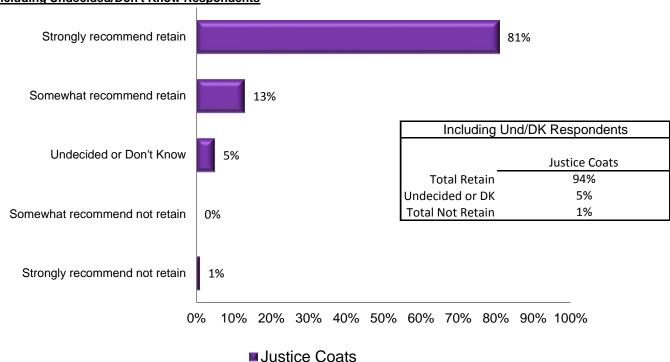
1%



10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

Including Undecided/Don't Know Respondents

Strongly recommend not retain





Methodology

The results shown in the 2012 Judicial Performance Survey Report are based on the survey of Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges and the survey of District Judges and Appellate Judges Regarding Appellate Judges. Below is a description of the methodologies used for these two surveys.

I Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges

a. Sample:

The Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges sample comes from a list of issued Supreme Court opinions provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court. This list included the names of the attorneys associated with the cases and the names of the justices who authored opinions, concurrences or dissents for those cases.

In 2011, the following changes were made to the Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges survey process:

- Only judges that are standing for retention in 2012 were evaluated during this reporting cycle (the intent was to increase the number of completed attorney evaluations for each retention judge by excluding those not standing for retention).
- The number of possible judges that attorney respondents could evaluate was increased from seven to 10.

Attorneys are first mailed a letter inviting them to complete the survey online. The letter provides the link to the online survey, as well as a unique password to access the survey. Approximately one week later, attorneys are sent an email invitation to complete the online survey, which also provides the Web address and their unique password. About a week after the first email is sent, a reminder email is sent, providing the same information. Potential respondents who do not complete the survey after the second email are then telephoned and asked to either complete the survey by phone, or to complete it online.

Since 2010, the Judicial Performance Survey reports are based on a moving average, or rolling sample, of data collected over a period of time equal to the justice's or judge's term of office: ten years for a Supreme Court justice and eight years for a COA judge. To use a Supreme Court justice as an example: as survey data is collected it is pooled together for ten years. After ten years, as new data is added to the judge's survey results, the oldest data in the pool will be deleted.

b. Questions:

Respondents evaluated justices and judges on 12 aspects of judicial performance using a grade scale of A, B, C, D, or F. (See Questionnaire section.) These grades were then converted to a numerical score where A = 4, B = 3, C = 2, D = 1 and Fail = 0. The A through F scale was chosen because it is almost universally recognized and understood. This makes it easy for respondents to complete their questionnaire, and for the public to interpret the results.

Respondents were also asked to indicate how strongly they would recommend that the judge be retained or not retained in office.

c. Comments:

Respondents were also asked what they considered to be the judge's strengths and weaknesses. By statute, these comments are confidential and only provided to the judge and the State Commission on Judicial Performance. They are not released to the public when the rest of the report is released. Before being given to the judge and the Commission, an attempt is made to redact all respondent identifying information from the comments.

The number to the left of each comment refers to the same attorney respondent in both the strengths section and the weaknesses section.

Most spelling and typographical errors have been corrected.

d. Analysis:

The Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges section first shows a table of the percentage distribution for each of the A through F questions, including "don't know/not applicable" responses. The column on the far right shows the justice's average grade for each question.

The overall question averages are calculated by adding up the averages for each question and dividing by the number of questions.

The next table shows the percentage distribution of the responses to the question about recommending retention. The percentages are shown both including and excluding "undecided/don't know" responses.

The next page displays the question averages in horizontal bar-graph form. The percentage distribution to the retention question is then presented in the graph on the next page.

The third part of the Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges section of the report lists the comments the attorneys made about the justice's strengths and weaknesses.

e. Cooperation Rate:

From 2005 through 2011, the overall cooperation rate for the Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges Survey is calculated as the number of completed survey-evaluations divided by the number of possible evaluations, resulting in an overall cooperation rate of 22.0% for Justice Coats and 18.5% for the Court of Appeals retention judges.

Looking at only the 2011 results, the cooperation rate for Justice Coats is 55.6% and the cooperation rate for the Court of Appeals retention judges is 38.6%.

A table of Justice Coats' cooperation rate is shown below. This cooperation rate is based on data collected from 2005 through 2011.

	Requested Evaluations	No Response	Undeliv- erable/Not Applicable	Completed Evaluations	Cooperation Rate
Justice Coats	947	724	19	204	22.0%

II District Judges and Appellate Judges Regarding Appellate Judges

a. Sample:

One-hundred seventy-three (173) district judges and 28 appellate judges (Supreme Court and Court of Appeals) were sent a questionnaire asking them to evaluate the appellate judges eligible to stand for retention in November 2012.

b. Questions:

The questionnaire consisted of nine A through F questions, plus the retention recommendation question (see Questionnaire section). The A through F responses were converted to numerical scores where A = 4, B = 3, C = 2, D = 1 and Fail = 0.

c. Comments:

In addition to the A through F questions, the district judge and appellate judge respondents were given the opportunity to write a comment about each appellate judge. By statute, these comments are confidential and only provided to the appellate judge and the State Commission on Judicial Performance. They are not released to the public when the rest of the report is released. Before being given to the appellate judge and the Commission, an attempt is made to redact all respondent identifying information from the comments. An effort has been made to correct spelling and typographical errors.

d. Analysis:

The District Judges and Appellate Judges Regarding Appellate Judges section shows a table of the percentage distribution for the nine questions, including "don't know/not applicable" responses. The column to the right shows the judge's average grade for each question.

The overall averages are calculated by adding up the averages for each question and dividing by the number of questions.

The next table shows the percentage distribution of the responses to the question about recommending retention. The percentages are shown both including and excluding "don't know/undecided" responses.

The next page displays the question averages in horizontal bar-graph form. The percentage distribution to the retention question is then presented in the graph on the next page.

The third part of the District Judges and Appellate Judges Regarding Appellate Judges section lists the comments district and appellate judges wrote about the report-justice.

e. Cooperation Rate:

Two hundred and one questionnaires were mailed (173 district judges and 28 appellate judges) and 104 were returned, though not all appellate judges were evaluated in every returned questionnaire.



Colorado Judicial Performance Attorneys Regarding Appellate Judges Survey Questions

1.	[This question asked for each judge evaluated.] Which of the following types of
	cases have you appealed to the [Court of Appeals/Supreme Court] in
	which [Judge/Justice Last Name] authored the decision, concurred or
	dissented? (Please check all that apply.)

Civil	1
Criminal	2
Domestic	3
Juvenile	4
Other	5

- 2. Using a grade scale, where an "A" is excellent along with B, C, D or F for fail, please grade *[Judge/Justice Last Name]* on the following. If, for a specific question you feel that you do not have enough information to grade the judge/justice, please check DK/NA for Don't Know/Not Applicable.
 - a. Being fair and impartial toward each side of the case.
 - b. Allowing parties to present their arguments and answer questions.
 - c. Treating parties equally regardless of race, sex or economic status.
 - d. Being courteous toward attorneys.
 - e. Not engaging in ex parte communications.
 - f. Being prepared for oral argument.

Would you say you are sufficiently knowledgeable about *[Judge/Justice Last Name]'s* legal writings to have formed an opinion about them?

Yes (Ask Q3a to Q3f) No (Skip to Q4) Don't know (Skip to Q4)

- 3. Please evaluate Justice Roy Bean on the following topics.
 - a. Writing opinions that are clear.
 - b. Writing opinions that adequately explain the basis of the Court's decision.
 - c. Issuing opinions in a timely manner.
 - d. Making decisions without regard to possible criticism.
 - e. Making reasoned decisions based upon the law and facts.
 - f. Refraining from reaching issues that need not be decided.
- 4. What would you say are **[Judge/Justice Last Name]'s** strengths?

What would you say are [Judge/Justice Last Name]'s weaknesses?				
Keeping in mind your responses to each of the previous questions, that <i>[Judge/Justice Last Name]</i> be retained in office, or not reta				
Strongly recommend the judge be retained in office	5			
Somewhat recommend the judge be retained in office	4			
Undecided or don't know enough to make recommendation	3			
Undecided or don't know enough to make recommendation Somewhat recommend the judge not be retained in office	3 2			



Commission on Judicial Performance

Please answer the enclosed questions about the one Supreme Court Justice and the six Court of Appeals Judges who are eligible to stand for retention in November 2012. For questions 1 through 9 please grade each of the judges using a grade scale where an "A" is excellent along with B, C, D or F for fail.

If, for a specific question, you feel that you do not have enough information to grade the judge on the task, or for some reason feel that you cannot grade him or her on the item, please circle the number that indicates "no grade."

Thank you.

BAR CODE GOES HERE

1. Being fair and impartial toward each side in a case.

						No
	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Grade</u>
Justice Nathan B. Coats	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Laurie A. Booras	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge James S. Casebolt	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Dennis A. Graham	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Gale T. Miller	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Daniel M. Taubman	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge John R. Webb	4	3	2	1	0	6

2. Writing opinions that are clear.

						No
	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Grade</u>
Justice Nathan B. Coats	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Laurie A. Booras	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge James S. Casebolt	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Dennis A. Graham	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Gale T. Miller	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Daniel M. Taubman	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge John R. Webb	4	3	2	1	0	6

			its than space nal comments	
Please	write comme	ents you would	l like to make	about
Judge J	ohn R. Webb	in the space	below. If you	would l
Judge Jo to make	ohn R. Webb more comm	in the space nents than spa	below. If you ce allows, feel	would l
Judge Jo to make	ohn R. Webb more comm	in the space	below. If you ce allows, feel	would l
Judge Jo to make	ohn R. Webb more comm	in the space nents than spa	below. If you ce allows, feel	would l
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Judge Jo to make	ohn R. Webb more comm	in the space nents than spa	below. If you ce allows, feel	would l

Please mail the completed questionnaire in the enclosed postage-paid envelope.

Thank you.

3. Writing opinions that adequately explain the basis of the Court's decision.

	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>c</u>	D	<u>F</u>	No <u>Grade</u>
Justice Nathan B. Coats	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Laurie A. Booras	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge James S. Casebolt	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Dennis A. Graham	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Gale T. Miller	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Daniel M. Taubman	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge John R. Webb	4	3	2	1	0	6

4. Issuing opinions in a timely manner.

						No
	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Grade</u>
Justice Nathan B. Coats	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Laurie A. Booras	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge James S. Casebolt	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Dennis A. Graham	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Gale T. Miller	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Daniel M. Taubman	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge John R. Webb	4	3	2	1	0	6

5.	Making	decisions	without	regard to	possible	criticism.
					0 0 0 0 - 0 - 0	

	Α	В	С	D	F	No Grade
Justice Nathan B. Coats	_	_	2	1	0	6
Judge Laurie A. Booras	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge James S. Casebolt	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Dennis A. Graham	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Gale T. Miller	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Daniel M. Taubman	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge John R. Webb	4	3	2	1	0	6

D.	Please write comments you would like to make about <u>Judge</u> <u>Dennis A. Graham</u> in the space below. If you would like to make more comments than space allows, feel free to attach a sheet with additional comments.

6. Making reasoned decisions based upon the law and facts.

	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>c</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>E</u>	No <u>Grade</u>
Justice Nathan B. Coats	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Laurie A. Booras	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge James S. Casebolt	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Dennis A. Graham	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Gale T. Miller	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Daniel M. Taubman	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge John R. Webb	4	3	2	1	0	6

Ε.	Please write comments you would like to make about <u>Judge</u> <u>Gale T. Miller</u> in the space below. If you would like to make
	more comments than space allows, feel free to attach a sheet
	with additional comments.

James S. Casebolt in the space below. If you would like to	В.	Please write comments you would like to make about <u>Judge</u> <u>Laurie A. Booras</u> in the space below. If you would like to make more comments than space allows, feel free to attach a sheet with additional comments.
James S. Casebolt in the space below. If you would like to make more comments than space allows, feel free to attach		
James S. Casebolt in the space below. If you would like to make more comments than space allows, feel free to attach		
James S. Casebolt in the space below. If you would like to make more comments than space allows, feel free to attach		
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James S. Casebolt in the space below. If you would like to make more comments than space allows, feel free to attach		
James S. Casebolt in the space below. If you would like to make more comments than space allows, feel free to attach		
	C.	make more comments than space allows, feel free to attach a

7. Refraining from reaching issues that need not be decided.

	Α	<u>B</u>	С	D	F	No Grade
Justice Nathan B. Coats	4			1	0	6
Judge Laurie A. Booras	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge James S. Casebolt	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Dennis A. Graham	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Gale T. Miller	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Daniel M. Taubman	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge John R. Webb	4	3	2	1	0	6

8. Treating parties equally regardless of race, sex or economic status.

	Α	В	<u>c</u>	D	F	No Grade
Justice Nathan B. Coats	_			1	0	6
Judge Laurie A. Booras	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge James S. Casebolt	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Dennis A. Graham	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Gale T. Miller	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Daniel M. Taubman	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge John R. Webb	4	3	2	1	0	6

9. Not engaging in ex parte communications.

	Α	<u>B</u>	С	D	F	No Grade
Justice Nathan B. Coats	4		2		0	6
Judge Laurie A. Booras	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge James S. Casebolt	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Dennis A. Graham	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Gale T. Miller	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge Daniel M. Taubman	4	3	2	1	0	6
Judge John R. Webb	4	3	2	1	0	6

10. [Continued]

	Judge <u>Miller</u>	Judge <u>Taubman</u>	Judge <u>Webb</u>
Strongly recommend to retain	5	5	5
Somewhat recommend to retain	4	4	4
Undecided or don't know enough			
to make recommendation	3	3	3
Somewhat recommend not retain	2	2	2
Strongly recommend not retain	1	1	1

10. Recommend to be retained/not retained in office.

Strongly recommend to retain.....

Somewhat recommend to retain	4	4
Undecided or don't know enough		
to make recommendation	3	3
Somewhat recommend not retain	2	2
Strongly recommend not retain	1	1
	Judge Casebolt	Judge Graham
Strongly recommend to retain	Judge <u>Casebolt</u> 5	Judge <u>Graham</u> 5
Strongly recommend to retain Somewhat recommend to retain	Casebolt	<u>Graham</u>
© ?	Casebolt 5	<u>Graham</u>
Somewhat recommend to retain	Casebolt 5	<u>Graham</u>
Somewhat recommend to retain Undecided or don't know enough	Casebolt 5 4	Graham 5 4

Justice

Coats

Judge

Booras

A. Please write comments you would like to make about <u>Justice Nathan B. Coats</u> in the space below. If you would like to make more comments than space allows, feel free to attach a sheet with additional comments.